Program Outcomes M.Sc. I & II Organic Chemistry

Vision: Engender Human Resource to Lead the Competitive Science World for Nation Building

Mission: Impart most advanced scientific knowledge and training to the students so that genuine researchers and skilled scientists of world standard will be made available for the advancement of national science and technology programs as well as to cater the needs of industrial and pharma sectors

Program Outcomes

PO1: Students will gain in-depth understanding of both basic and applied organic chemistry ideas.

PO2: Students will be able to solve a variety of problems by figuring out what the key components of a problem are, coming up with a plan for solving it, using the right methods to get there, checking the correctness and precision of the answer, and interpreting the outcomes.

PO3: Students will be equipped with the technical know-how and subject-specific information required for careers in industry, education, and research.

PO4: Students will be able to solve cross-cutting concerns including sustainable development by applying their foundational knowledge.

PO5: Students will gain a thorough understanding of the ethics of organic chemistry research to produce high-Caliber work.

PO6: Students will be able to communicate effectively, which includes understanding and producing reports, presentations, and documentation, and having the ability to convey ideas both orally and in technical writing.

Program Specific Outcomes

PSO-1: Students will have access to high-quality competitive tests such as GATE, SET, and NET. **PSO-2:** Students will be able to work in a variety of agricultural, food, pharmaceutical, and chemical industries.

PSO-3: Students enrolled in Ph.D. programs will have access to worldwide research possibilities. **PSO-4:** Work well with others in chemistry or related professions to complete team-oriented assignments.

PSO-5: Students can launch their own businesses or industries related to chemicals (entrepreneurship).

PSO-6: Learners will be able to decipher NMR, MS, and IR data to clarify structural elements.

Course Outco	mes	
Part-I Semeste	er-I	
СН 1 1	(Inorganic Chemistry – I)	CO-1: Students will be able to describe the
CH-1.1		fundamentals of transition metal chemistry and its
		compounds, including their spectroscopic properties,
		nomenclature, reactions, and applications.
		CO-2: Students will learn about the physical,
		chemical, and preparatory characteristics of metal
		carbonyls of transition metals.
		CO-3: Pupils will be fully capable of comprehending
		the synthesis, bonding, structure, and reactivity of
		organometallic compounds as well as how
		homogeneous catalysis uses them.
		CO-4: Students will be able to describe nuclear
		stability and reactions as well as determine the stability
		of the complexes.
	(Organic Chemistry – I)	CO-1: Learners will be able to distinguish between
CH-1.2	(organic chemistry 1)	several types of reactive organic compounds.
		CO-2: Learners are able to identify, categorize,
		clarify, and apply basic organic reactions.
		CO-3: Students will be able to differentiate between
		several isomeric forms.
		CO-4: This course will pique students' curiosity about
		writing and discovering novel response mechanisms.

CH.1.3:	Analytical Chemistry-I	CO-1: Students will learn the principles of analytical
Сп.1.5:		chemistry, such as sampling, sample pretreatment,
		fundamental methodologies, and data handling,
		processing, and statistical analysis.
		CO-2: Students would learn about and comprehend
		the breadth of analytical chemistry, which
		encompasses many different domains. Using traditional
		methods, the students will master the foundations of
		qualitative analysis.
		CO-3: Students will study electroanalytical techniques
		and computation chemistry, which will prepare them
		for alternative analytical strategies, which are a crucial
		part of analytical chemistry. They will also learn about
		chromatographic techniques, including how to choose
		and adjust them based on the samples they must work
		with.
		CO-4: Students will gain knowledge about using
		standard reference books to find information and
		drawing conclusions from them. We would talk about
		analytical case study situations to get a feel for the
		breadth and benefits of analytical chemistry.
	(Practical – I)	CO-1: Ability in professional sampling and sample
PCH-1.1		treatment before actual analysis
		CO-2: Capacity to handle and assess analytical results
		CO-3: Knowledge of and aptitude for carrying out
		fundamental chemical reactions in a chemical
		laboratory CO4: Able to conduct measurements using
		chromatographs, photometers, spectrometers, and ion-
		selective electrodes, among other basic analytical
		instruments.

	(Practical – II)	CO-1: Students are able to make a variety of
PCH-1.2	(Fractical II)	concentration solutions, including ppm, normal, and
		molar ones.
		CO-2: Find the different first- and second-order
		reactions' rate constants.
		CO-3: Use a conductometer and potentiometer to
		measure the system's redox potential, the acid's relative
		strength, etc.
		CO-4: Gain an understanding of the creation of alloys
		such as brass and bronze, as well as the phase diagrams
		for binary and ternary systems, including their
		composition and critical temperature.
		CO-5: The efficacy of Freundlich adsorption
		isotherms in eliminating harmful substances including
		dyes, acetic acid, and various industrial wastewaters
	Part	t-I Semester-II
	(Organic Chemistry – II)	Course Outcomes (COs)
CH-2.1		CO-1: An example of contemporary reagent
		applications and synthesis techniques.
		CO-2: Explain numerous coupling reactions and
		organometallic compound types.
		CO-3: Recognize the fundamentals and practical uses
		of protecting and removing different functional
		groupings.
		CO-4: The concepts of chemo selectivity,
		regioselectivity, and enantioselectivity will be
		explained in detail.
CH-2.2	(Physical Chemistry – II)	CO-1: Fundamentals of quantum mechanics will be
011 2.2		taught to students. (1)
		CO-2: Completion of the course will serve as the
		foundation or a prerequisite for the "Advanced
		Quantum Chemistry" course. CO-3: Capable of anticipating conjugated organic
		compounds' electronic spectra and comprehending
		selection principles.
		CO-4: Capable of researching photophysical and
		photochemical processes
		CO-5: Ability to perform both qualitative and
		quantitative analysis.

		of various ingredients from industrial, food and
		pharma samples using techniques of emission
		spectroscopy.
		CO-6: Able to comprehend battery materials and
		characterizations, ionic processes, electrochemical
		sensors, and other electrochemical characteristics of
		materials.
		CO-7: Capable of researching electrokinetic effects
		and how they apply to the separation, characterisation,
		and other fields of protein science.
		CO-8: Kinetic investigations to comprehend
		molecular dynamics. Understanding the processes that
		regulate life will be aided by applications that
		investigate reaction routes, protein-ligand binding
		rates, etc.
	Analytical Chemistry-II	CO-1: Students will learn about the spectroscopic
CH-2.3:		instruments and technologies that are utilized in
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		chemical analysis and data interpretation. In order to
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		provide the students an understanding of the kinds of samples that these instruments may evaluate, the breadth and bounds of the spectroscopic tools will be
		 provide the students an understanding of the kinds of samples that these instruments may evaluate, the breadth and bounds of the spectroscopic tools will be covered. CO-2: Students will gain knowledge of both basic and sophisticated analytical tools, such as NMR, MS, AAS,
		provide the students an understanding of the kinds of samples that these instruments may evaluate, the breadth and bounds of the spectroscopic tools will be covered. CO-2: Students will gain knowledge of both basic and sophisticated analytical tools, such as NMR, MS, AAS, ICP, and thermal analysis (TGA, DTA, DSC, etc.)
		 provide the students an understanding of the kinds of samples that these instruments may evaluate, the breadth and bounds of the spectroscopic tools will be covered. CO-2: Students will gain knowledge of both basic and sophisticated analytical tools, such as NMR, MS, AAS, ICP, and thermal analysis (TGA, DTA, DSC, etc.) methods applied to a broad range of samples.
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		 provide the students an understanding of the kinds of samples that these instruments may evaluate, the breadth and bounds of the spectroscopic tools will be covered. CO-2: Students will gain knowledge of both basic and sophisticated analytical tools, such as NMR, MS, AAS, ICP, and thermal analysis (TGA, DTA, DSC, etc.) methods applied to a broad range of samples. CO-3: Instruction will cover instrumentation, sample handling and preparation, analysis and interpretation of data, and structural clarification.
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	(Practical – III)	CO-1: Before conducting the actual analysis, students
PCH-2.1		learned how to precisely prepare sample solutions and
		handle samples.
		CO-2: Students are capable of performing the
		computations and error analysis for CO2.
		CO-3: Gain knowledge of fundamental chemical
		reactions and choose analytical techniques.
		CO-4: The ability to conduct measurements using
		standard analytical tools, such as chromatographs,
		photometers, spectrometers, high-end thermometers,
		refractometers, pH meters, etc.
		ienacioneters, pri neters, etc.
	(Practical – IV)	CO-1: Students are able to make a variety of
PCH-2.2		concentration solutions, including ppm, normal, and
		molar ones.
		CO-2: Use a conductometer to find the unknown
		concentration and thermodynamic characteristics.
		CO-3: Students will investigate how to calculate the
		catalysis and reaction order.
		CO-4: Students are able to calculate species'
		molecular weights and refractive indices.
		CO-5: Students are able to estimate equilibrium
		properties such as phase diagrams and redox potentials.

Part-II Semester-III

	(Organic Reaction	CO-1: Apply principles of organic chemistry to gain
ОСН-3.1	Mechanism)	proficiency in efficient written and/or voice
		communication.
		. CO-2: Provides a fundamental understanding of the
		effects of organic chemistry on the technological and
		natural surroundings.
		CO-3: A thorough understanding of the mechanics of
		organic reactions is provided by this course.
		CO-4: An understanding of pericyclic processes will
		be provided by this course.
ОСН-3.2	(Advanced Spectroscopic Methods)	CO-1: Students will be able to use their understanding of various stretching and bending vibrational modes in infrared spectroscopy to the interpretation of functional groups.
		CO-2: Recognize the methods of mass spectral
		fragmentation in relation to determining the structure.
		CO-3: Recognize how to deduce chemical shift values
		from nuclear magnetic resonance spectra interpretation.
		CO-4: Pupils will comprehend Beer Lambert's law
		and its uses.
	(Advanced Synthetic	CO-1: Students are able to design multistep organic
ОСН- 3.3:	Methods)	synthesis with the aid of the reagent applications.
		CO-2: During their advanced research, they can make
		use of sophisticated methods like microwaves, ionic
		liquids, ultrasound, etc.
		CO-3: Studying and designing a new reaction benefits from an understanding of retro-synthetic analysis.
		CO-4 : Students will be able to create environmentally
		sustainable processes for organic transformations.
OCH-3.4	(A) (Drugs and	CO-1: Capable of associating the structure and
	Heterocycles)	activity of bioactive substances CO-2: Provide an overview of several medication
		classes for certain ailments
		CO-3: Apply their expertise to the synthesis of
		different bioactive heterocycles.
		CO-4: Capable of identifying the reactivity and uses
		of heterocycles with three, four, five, six, and seven
		members.
		CO-5: Students will have an idea regarding Chemical kinetics of polymers.

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OCHP – V	Practical-V	CO-1: Divide and examine the various component
Julii – v		mixes of basic organic compounds.
		CO-2: Using various methods, students will be able to
		purify organic substances.
		CO-3: Conduct the synthesis of basic organic
		molecules on your own.
		CO-4: Conduct simple organic chemical synthesis on
		your own
	Practical-VI	CO-1: Distinguish and examine the various
OCHP – VI		component mixes of basic organic compounds.
		CO-2: Using various methods, students will be able to
		purify organic substances.
		CO-3: Pupils will be proficient in both qualitative and
		quantitative analysis through experimentation.
		CO-4: Constructs simple organic molecules on its
		own.
Part-II semeste	er-IV	
		CO 1. Studente millung engenie sunthesis to engly
ОСН	4.1 (Theoretical Organic	CO-1: Students will use organic synthesis to apply
0.011	Chemistry)	green chemistry concepts.
		CO-2: Pupils will be able to recognize chemicals that
		are aromatic.
		CO-3: Students will get an understanding of how to
		calculate an organic compound's delocalization energy
		. CO-4: Students will acquire knowledge of kinetic and
		thermodynamic controlled reactions
		CO 1. Analysing the standschemical features of
ОСН-4.2	(Stereochemistry)	CO-1: Analysing the stereochemical features of
		organic compounds provides a crucial tool for
		determining the characteristics of molecules that are
		bioactive.
		CO-2: Pupils will possess a solid understanding of
		acyclic and cyclic compound conformations.
		CO-3: Students will be proficient in creating novel
		bioactive compounds with particular stereochemical
		characteristics.
		CO-4: Students will understand how chiral reagents
		are used in asymmetric synthesis.
		CO 1. Learn about the starses bereister and
ОСН-4.3	Chemistry of Natural	CO-1: Learn about the stereochemistry and
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ОСП-4.5	Products)	categorization of natural items.
0CH-4.5	Products)	CO-2: Explain the fundamentals of stereoselective transformations, green synthesis, biosynthesis, and its

		 physiological function in the human body. CO-3: Recognize the composition and production of several hormones. CO-4: Capable of comprehending vitamin deficiencies and the significance of several vitamins for human health
OCH-4.4 (A)	(Applied Organic Chemistry)	 CO-1: This knowledge helps to get placement to the students in agrochemicals, cosmetic, pharmaceuticals, dyes, polymers industries. CO-2: Students will have knowledge of cosmetics, perfumes and food flavors in day-to-day life. CO-3: Knowledge of unit processing will be useful for automation industries.
		CO-4: Students will get an idea of synthesis of pesticides and their applications in agriculture.
OCH-4.4	(B) (Bioorganic Chemistry)	 CO-1: Students will understand the concept building blocks of biomacromolecules. CO-2: Students will have an idea regarding classification, structure and functions of different bioorganic molecules. CO-3: Students will get idea regarding structure and functions of plant and animal cells. CO-4: Students will understand the physiological role of RNA, DNA and enzymes
OCHP – VII	Practical-VII	 CO-1: To act with a highly responsible, moral, and professional demeanour in order to benefit society. CO-2: Students will be familiar with MSDS papers, safety precautions while handling chemicals, and safety notices on chemical containers. CO-3: Students will have a bility to synthesize commercial products CO-4: Based on the experience of project work, students will have ability to start their R & D laboratory.
OCHP – VIII	Practical-VIII	 CO-1: To act with a highly responsible, moral, and professional demeanour in order to benefit society. CO-2: Students will be familiar with MSDS papers, safety precautions while handling chemicals, and safety notices on chemical containers. CO-3: Students will be able to create commercial goods through synthesis. CO-4: Students will be able to launch own R&D labs based on their project work experience.